

1. (Currently amended) A scanner comprising:
  - a laser source;
  - a spinner for reflecting light from the laser source,  
the spinner being rotated by a motor;
  - a set of pattern mirrors for receiving light reflected  
from the spinner and reflecting the light to produce a scan  
pattern;
  - a diffractive element for receiving light reflected  
from the spinner when the spinner is in a reference position  
and refracting the light to produce a diffracted beam; ~~and~~
  - a reference position photodetector for receiving the  
refracted beam and producing a reference position signal  
indicating that the spinner is in the reference position;  
and
  - a controller operative to receive the reference  
position signal and to determine that the scanner is in the  
reference position upon receiving the reference position  
signal, to deactivate the laser source upon receiving the  
reference position signal, and to note the time at which the  
reference position signal occurs and to compute a position  
of the spinner based on the speed of the spinner and the  
time elapsed since the reference position photosignal was  
received by the controller.

2. (Cancelled)

3. (Cancelled)

4. (Cancelled)

5. (Currently amended) The scanner of claim 4 1  
wherein the diffractive element is a diffraction grating.

6. (Original) The scanner of claim 5 and also  
including a switch for selecting between an omnidirectional  
scan pattern and a single line scan pattern.

7. (Original) The scanner of claim 6 further  
comprising a baffling aperture in the vicinity of the  
reference position photodetector, the baffling aperture  
shielding the reference position photodetector from light  
other than the diffracted line in order to prevent an  
incorrect identification of a reference position of the  
spinner.

8. (Original) The scanner of claim 7 wherein the  
diffractive element is positioned at an edge of one of the  
set of pattern mirrors and is very small relative to the set  
of pattern mirrors.

9. (Original) The scanner of claim 8 wherein the  
diffractive element is positioned at an intersection between

two pattern mirrors of the set of pattern mirrors.

10. (Currently amended) A method of scan pattern generation, comprising:

activating a laser source within a scanner to generate a laser beam, the laser source being oriented to produce a laser beam directed toward a rotating spinner within the bar code scanner;

reflecting the laser beam from the spinner to produce a reflected beam;

when the spinner is in the reference position, directing the reflected beam to a diffractive element to produce a diffracted line and directing the diffracted line to a reference position photodetector to produce a reference position photosignal indicating that the spinner is in the reference position; and

deactivating the laser source when the reference position photosignal is produced

computing the position of the spinner during rotation of the spinner based on the speed of the spinner and the time elapsed since the reference position signal was produced.

11. (Cancelled)

12. (Currently amended) The method of claim ~~11~~ 10 further comprising the step of activating and deactivating the laser source when the spinner is in appropriate positions, in order to generate a desired scan pattern.

13. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the diffractive element is a diffraction grating.

14. (Currently amended) A method of determining a reference position of a rotating spinner within a bar code scanner, comprising:

activating a laser source within a scanner to generate a laser beam, the laser source being oriented to produce a laser beam directed toward the spinner;

reflecting the laser beam from the spinner to produce a reflected beam;

when the spinner is in the reference position, directing the reflected beam to a diffractive element to produce a diffracted line and directing the diffracted line to a reference position photodetector to produce a reference position photosignal indicating that the spinner is in the reference position

noting the time at which the reference position photosignal occurs.

15. (Cancelled)